LADY CHRISTL

Cultivation advice

Purpose: Tablestock
Good skin finish and early

Characteristics:

Maturity	8.5
Colour of skin	G
Color of flesh	7
Shape of tuber	LO
Depth of the eyes	9
Regularity shape of tuber	8
Size of tubers	7
Grading	7
Dry matter percentage	18.5
Suitability for cooking	8A/AB
Dormancy	4.5

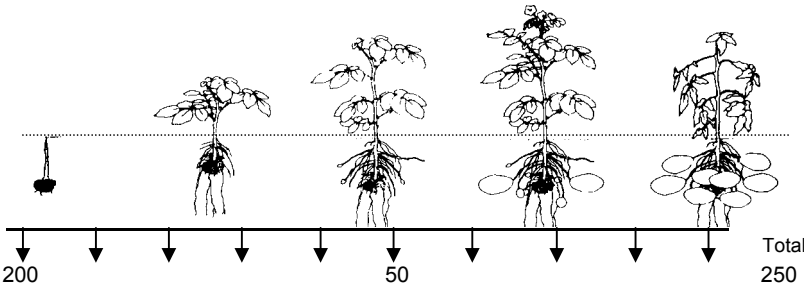
Comments:
9 = positive .... 1 = negative
Yellowness of flesh: 8 = yellow . . . . 4 = white
Colour of skin: L=light, D=dark, W=white, G=yellow, R=red
Shape of tuber: R = Round O = Oval L = Long
Cooking type: A = Firm . . . . D = Very mealy

Planting distance:

Size	Rowspace 75 cm	Plants/hectare (x 1000)
28/35	20	66,7
35/45	27	49,4
35/50	29	46,0
45/50	31	43,0
50/55	34	39,2

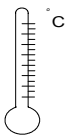
Fertilisation (kg/ha):

depending on the soil reserve



				Total
Nitrogen:	(N)	200	50	250
Phosphate:	(P_2O_5)	110		110
Potassium:	(K_2O)	230		230

Storage:



5 °C
6 months

Resistance:

Leaf roll	7
A-virus	9
X-virus	7
Y-virus	9
Yntn-virus	R
Foliage blight	2.5
Tuber blight	8
Wart disease	O1
Potato cyst nematode	Ro1
Common scab	7.5
Spraing	6
Bruising	6.5
Secondary growth	7.5

Comments:
R = resistant .... 1 = very susceptible
Ro(x) = Globodera Rostochiensis pathotype (x)
Pa(x) = Globodera Pallida pathotype (x)
(wv)O1 = (little susceptible) wart disease fysio 1

Sensitive to the full dose of Sencor pre-emergence.
Do not pre-sprout
Avoid Rhizoctonia
On light, less mineralize soils a third N-dose can be meaningful.
Be aware of the lack of Magnesium (Mg).
Wait for a set skin before harvest
Avoid silver scurf
Be careful with sprouting inhibitor at harvest time!

C. Meijer B.V. will not be responsible for possible negative effects originating from this advice.